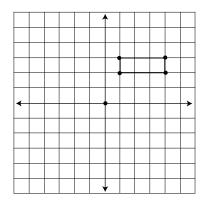
UNIT TEST **Lessons 20–30** (100 points possible)

I.	Fill in the blank v	vith the best answer. (2 points each)
1.		Assumed to be true; cannot be proven; an observation.
2.		A figure which has been enlarged or reduced without changing its shape.
3.		A figure which has been flipped in a line to form a mirror image
4.		A function defined as the opposite over the adjacent side.
5.		A function defined as the hypotenuse over the adjacent side.
6.		Two geometric figures whose corresponding angles are congruent and whose corresponding sides have the same ratio.
7.		The name of a three-dimensional circle.
8.		The trigonometric function that is the reciprocal of the tangent.

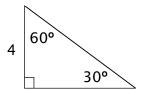
GEOMETRY UNIT TEST III 79

II. Translate the figure over one and down two. (4 points)

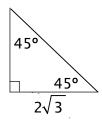


III. Find the measures of the unmarked sides of these right triangles. (5 points each)

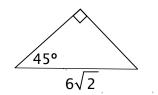
1.



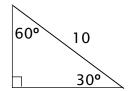
2.



3.



4

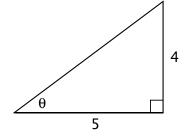


IV. Find the values of the following trigonometric functions for the triangle. (3 points each)







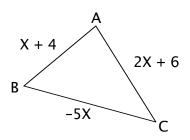


4. $\csc \theta$

5. $\sec \theta$

6. $\cot \theta$

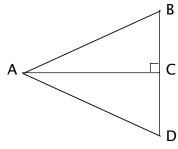
V. If the perimeter of triangle ABC is 12, what is the value of X? Is this a right triangle? (6 points)



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VI. Write a proof for each of the following. (12 points each)

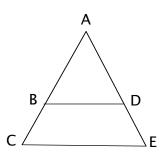
1.



Given: $\angle BCA \cong \angle DCA$ \overline{AC} bisects $\angle BAD$

Prove: $\triangle BAC \cong \triangle CAD$

2.



Given: $\overline{BD} \mid \mid \overline{CE}$

Prove: ΔACE ~ ΔABD

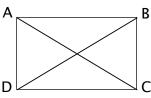
Statements

Statements

Reasons

Reasons

3.



Given: \square ABCD is

a rectangle

Prove: $\triangle ADC \cong \triangle BCD$

Statements		

Reasons